

Practice
Derivatives of Trig Functions and Chain Rule

Find the derivative of each function. Be sure to indicate the derivative in proper notation. Do only the most obvious simplifications.

1. $y = \frac{3}{7} \cos x$

2. $y = \csc 5x$

3. $y = -3 \sin^2 x$

4. $y = \tan 7x^2$

5. $y = 2x \cot x$

6. $y = \frac{x}{2 \sin x}$

7. $y = \tan 8x + \cos \frac{1}{8}x$

8. $y = \cos^3 x^3$

9. $y = \cos(\sin x)$

10. $y = \cos^2(3x) \sin(4x)$

11. $y = \sin^3 \sqrt{3x}$

12. $y = \sqrt[3]{\sin 3x}$

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Derivatives of Trig Functions and Chain Rule

Find the derivative of each function. Be sure to indicate the derivative in proper notation. Do only the most obvious simplifications.

<p>1. $y = \frac{3}{7} \cos x$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = -\frac{3}{7} \sin x$</p>	<p>2. $y = \csc 5x$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = -5 \csc(5x) \cot(5x)$</p>	<p>3. $y = -3 \sin^2 x$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = -6 \sin x \cos x$</p>
<p>4. $y = \tan 7x^2$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = 14x \sec^2(7x^2)$</p>	<p>5. $y = 2x \cot x$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = -2x \csc^2 x + 2 \cot x$</p>	<p>6. $y = \frac{x}{2 \sin x}$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{2 \sin^2 x}$</p>
<p>7. $y = \tan 8x + \cos \frac{1}{8} x$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = 8 \sec^2(8x) - \frac{1}{8} \sin\left(\frac{1}{8} x\right)$</p>	<p>8. $y = \cos^3 x^3$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = -9x^2 [\cos(x^3)]^2 [\sin(x^3)]$</p>	<p>9. $y = \cos(\sin x)$</p> <p>$y' = -\sin(\sin x)(\cos x)$</p>
<p>10. $y = \cos^2(3x) \sin(4x)$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = \cos^2(3x) \cos(4x) \cdot 4 +$ $\sin(4x)(2) \cos(3x)(-\sin 3x) \cdot 3$ $y' = 4 \cos^2(3x) \cos(4x) +$ $-6 \sin(4x) \cos(3x)(\sin 3x)$</p>	<p>11. $y = \sin \sqrt[3]{3x}$</p> <p>Ans: $y' = \cos(3x)^{1/3} \left(\frac{1}{3} (3x)^{-2/3} (3) \right)$ $y' = \frac{\cos(3x)^{1/3}}{(3x)^{2/3}}$</p>	<p>12. $y = \sqrt[3]{\sin 3x}$</p> <p>$y = [\sin(3x)]^{1/3}$ Ans: $y' = \frac{1}{3} [\sin(3x)]^{-2/3} \cos(3x) \cdot 3$ $y' = \frac{\cos(3x)}{[\sin(3x)]^{2/3}}$</p>