Non-Algebra Calculus MC @

7) The derivative g' of a function g is continuous and has exactly two zeros. Selected values of g' are given in the table below. If the domain of g is \mathbb{R} , then g is decreasing on which of the following intervals?

x		-3							
g'(x)) 2	3	0	-3	-2	-1	0	3	2

A)
$$-2 < x < 2$$
 only B) $-1 < x < 1$ only C) $x > -2$ D) $x > 2$ only

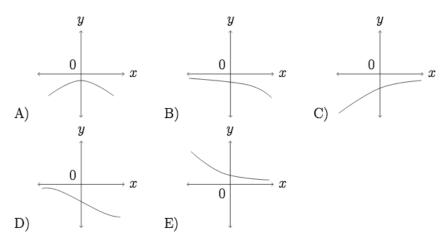
B)
$$-1 < x < 1$$
 only

C)
$$x > -2$$

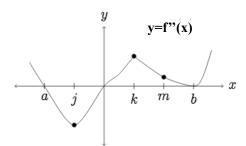
D)
$$x > 2$$
 only

E)
$$x - 2$$
 or $x > 2$

8) The function f has the property that f(x), f'(x) and f''(x) are negative for all real values x. Which of the following could be the graph of f?



9) The second derivative of the function f is given by $f''(x) = x(x-a)(x-b)^2$. The graph of f'' is shown below. For what values of x does the graph of f have a point of inflection?



- A) 0 and a only B) 0 and m only C) b and j only D) 0, a, and b

E) b, j, and k

10) For all x in the closed interval [2, 5], the function f has positive first derivatives and a negative second derivative. Which of the following could be a table of values for f?

	\boldsymbol{x}	f(x)
	2	7
A)	3	9
	4	12
	5	16

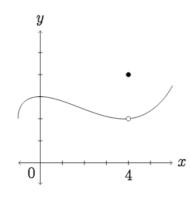
	\boldsymbol{x}	f(x)
	2	7
B)	3	11
	4	14
	5	16

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
x & f(x) \\
\hline
2 & 16 \\
\hline
3 & 12 \\
\hline
4 & 9 \\
\hline
5 & 7
\end{array}$$

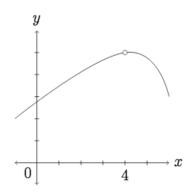
$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & f(x) \\ \hline 2 & 16 \\ \hline 3 & 14 \\ \hline 4 & 11 \\ \hline 5 & 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

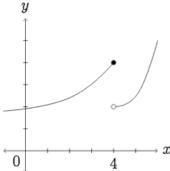
$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
x & f(x) \\
\hline
2 & 16 \\
\hline
3 & 13 \\
\hline
4 & 10 \\
\hline
5 & 7
\end{array}$$

11) For which of the following does $\lim_{x\to 4} f(x)$ exist?



II.



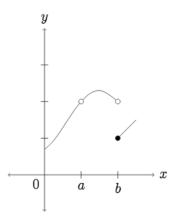


III.

I.

- A) I only
- B) II only
- C) III only
- D) I and II only E) I and III only

The graph of the function f is shown in the figure below. Which of the following statements about f is true?



A)
$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = \lim_{x \to b} f(x)$$
 B) $\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = 2$ C) $\lim_{x \to b} f(x) = 2$

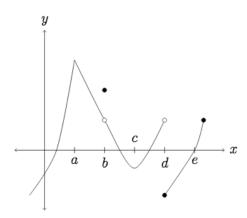
B)
$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = 2$$

C)
$$\lim_{x \to b} f(x) = 2$$

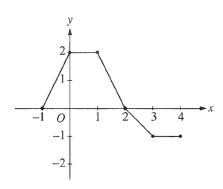
D)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 1$$

D)
$$\lim_{x\to b} f(x) = 1$$
 E) $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ does not exist.

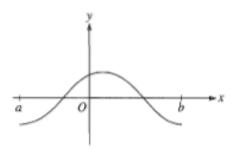
The graph of a function f is shown below. At which value of x is f continuous, but not differentiable?



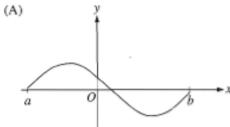
- A) a B) b C) c
- D) d
- E) e



- 2. The graph of a piecewise-linear function f, for $-1 \le x \le 4$, is shown above. What is the value of $\int_{-1}^{4} f(x) \ dx ?$
 - (A) 1
- (B) 2.5
- (C) 4
- (D) 5.5
- (E) 8
- 4. If f is continuous for $a \le x \le b$ and differentiable for a < x < b, which of the following could be false?
 - (A) $f'(c) = \frac{f(b) f(a)}{b a}$ for some c such that a < c < b.
 - (B) f'(c) = 0 for some c such that a < c < b.
 - (C) f has a minimum value on $a \le x \le b$.
 - (D) f has a maximum value on $a \le x \le b$.
 - (E) $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$ exists.
- 14. A particle moves along the x-axis so that its position at time t is given by $x(t) = t^2 6t + 5$. For what value of t is the velocity of the particle zero?
 - (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4
- (E) 5
- 18. An equation of the line tangent to the graph of $y = x + \cos x$ at the point (0, 1) is
 - (A) y = 2x + 1 (B) y = x + 1 (C) y = x (D) y = x 1 (E) y = 0

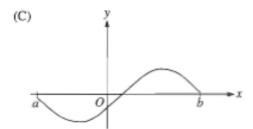


23. The graph of f is shown in the figure above. Which of the following could be the graph of the derivative of f?

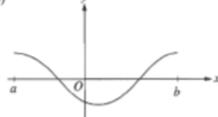


(B)

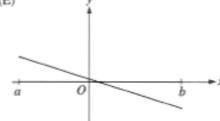


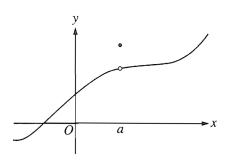


(D)

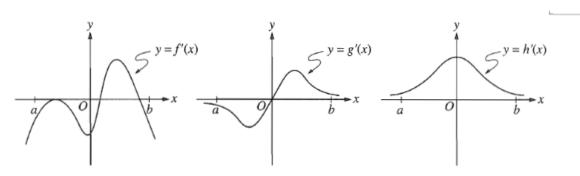


(E)





- 76. The graph of a function f is shown above. Which of the following statements about f is false?
 - (A) f is continuous at x = a.
 - (B) f has a relative maximum at x = a.
 - (C) x = a is in the domain of f.
 - (D) $\lim_{x\to a^+} f(x)$ is equal to $\lim_{x\to a^-} f(x)$.
 - (E) $\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$ exists.



- 79. The graphs of the derivatives of the functions f, g, and h are shown above. Which of the functions f, g, or h have a relative maximum on the open interval a < x < b?
 - (A) f only
 - (B) g only
 - (C) h only
 - (D) f and g only
 - (E) f, g, and h
- 81. Let f be the function given by f(x) = |x|. Which of the following statements about f are true?
 - I. f is continuous at x = 0.
 - II. f is differentiable at x = 0.
 - III. f has an absolute minimum at x = 0.
 - (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) II and III only