2.
$$\sin^{-1}(-\frac{1}{2})$$
 $\frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$, where n is:
 $\frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$, an integer ...
 $\frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$, an integer ...
 $\frac{10}{6} \cdot \sin^{-1}(0)$
 $\frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$ and $\frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi n$
where n is an integer ...
 $10 \cdot \sin^{-1}(0)$
 $0 \cdot \cos^{-1}(0)$
 $0 \cdot \cos^{-$